

CHEMTREC Transportation **Emergency Phone: 800-424-**9300

Pittsburgh Poison Control

Center

Health Emergency No.: 412-

681-6669

NOTE: The CHEMTREC Transportation Emergency Phone is to be used only in the event of chemical emergencies involving a spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident involving chemicals

Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

Product Name: CARBOZINC 8701-2007 PART B Revision Date:

06/06/2012

Identification

PLMSDS 8707B1NL

Number:

Supercedes: 08/25/2008

Product Use/Class: Zinc-Rich Epoxy Primer - FOR

INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

Preparer:

Regulatory, Department

Manufacturer: **Carboline Company**

2150 Schuetz Road St. Louis, MO 63146 (800) 848-4645

Section 2 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA-CEIL
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-95-6	40.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
TOLUENE	108-88-3	25.0	20 PPM	N/E	375 MGM3	NE
POLYSTYRENE	9003-53-6	10.0	NE	NE	NE	NE
POLYOXYPROPYLENEDIAMINE	9046-10-0	10.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
BENZYL ALCOHOL	100-51-6	10.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE	TRADE SECRET	10.0	NE	N/E	NE	NE
DIAMINOCYCLOHEXANE	694-83-7	5.0	N/E	N/E	N/E	N/E
TRIS-2,4,6-	90-72-2	5.0	NE	N/E	NE	NE
(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)						
PHENOL						
CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE	TRADE SECRET	5.0	NE	N/E	NE	NE
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	0.5	20 PPM	N/E	435 MGM3	N/E

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview: Warning! Flammable. Harmful if inhaled. Causes eye and skin irritation. Aspiration may cause lung damage. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not swallow. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling. Skin and eye irritant.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause eye burns.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: May be harmful if absorbed through the skin. Can cause skin

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled, may affect the brain or nervous system, causing dizziness, headache, or nausea. May cause nose and throat irritation. May cause lung irritation. May cause allergic respiratory reaction, effects may be permanent.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye Contact

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation by Exposure: If you have a condition that could be aggravated by exposure to dust or organic vapors, see a physician prior to use. If sensitized to amines, epoxies, or other chemicals do not use. See a physician if a medical condition exists.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: If material gets into eyes, flush with water immediately for 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

First Aid - Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Launder clothing before reuse. If rash or irritation develops, consult a physician.

First Aid - Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Administer oxygen if necessary. Consult a physician if symptoms persist or exposure was severe.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point, F: 69F (20C)
(Setaflash)

Lower Explosive Limit, %: 0.9
Upper Explosive Limit, %: 7.1

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Flammable Liquid. Vapors are heavier than air and will accumulate. Vapors will form explosive concentrations with air. Vapors travel long distances and will flashback. Use mechanical ventilation when necessary to keep percent vapor below the "Lower Explosion Level" (LEL). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from sparks, open flames and heat sources. All electric equipment and installations should be made and grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. In areas where explosion hazards exist, workers should be required to use non-ferrous tools and to wear conductive and non-sparking shoes.

Special Firefighting Procedures: Evacuate hazard area of unprotected personnel. Use a NIOSH approved self-contained breathing unit and complete body protection. Cool surrounding containers with water in case of fire exposure. Flammable. Cool fire-exposed containers using water spray.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Eliminate all ignition sources. Handling equipment must be grounded to prevent sparking. Evacuate the area of unprotected personnel. Wear appropriate personal protection clothing and equipment. Follow exposure controls/personal protection guidelines in Section 8. Contain and soak up residual with an aborbent (clay or sand). Take up absorbant material and seal tightly for proper disposal. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Refer to Section 15 for SARA Title III and CERCLA information.

Section 7 - Handling And Storage

Handling: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Wear personal protection equipment. Do not breathe vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. If pouring or transferring materials, ground all containers and tools. Do not weld, heat, cut or drill on full or empty containers. Use only in accordance with Carboline application instructions, container label and Product Data Sheet.

Storage: Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and oxidizing agents. Keep containers closed. Store in a cool, dry place with adequate ventilation.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof ventilation when required to keep below health exposure guidelines and Lower Explosion Limit (LEL).

Respiratory Protection: Use only with ventilation to keep levels below exposure guidelines listed in Section 2. User should test and monitor exposure levels to ensure all personnel are below guidelines. If not sure, or not able to monitor, use MSHA/NIOSH approved supplied air respirator. Follow all current OSHA requirements for respirator use. For silica containing coatings in a liquid state, and/or if no exposure limits are established in Section 2 above, supplied air respirators are generally not required.

Skin Protection: Recommend impervious gloves and clothing to avoid skin contact. If material penetrates to skin, change gloves and clothing. The use of protective creams may be beneficial to certain individuals. Protective creams should be applied before exposure.

Eye Protection: Recommend safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles to avoid eye contact.

Other protective equipment: Eye wash and safety showers should be readily available.

Hygienic Practices: Wash with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities. Use of a hand cleaner is recommended. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Leather shoes can absorb and allow hazardous materials to pass through. Check shoes carefully after soaking before reuse.

Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties

Boiling Range: 176 F (80 C) - 500 F (260 C) **Vapor Density:** Heavier than Air

Odor: Solvent Odor Threshold: N/D

Appearance: Clear to slightly amber liquid Evaporation Rate: Slower Than Ether

Solubility in H2O: N/D

Freeze Point:N/DSpecific Gravity:0.92Vapor Pressure:N/DPH:N/D

Physical State: Liquid

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Heat, sparks and open flames.

Incompatibility: Keep away from strong oxidizing agents, heat and open flames.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, and unidentified organic compounds. Consider all smoke and fumes from burning material as very hazardous. Welding, cutting or abrasive grinding can create smoke and fumes. Do not breathe any fumes or smoke from these operations.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur under normal conditions.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Product LD50: N/D Product LC50: N/D

Chemical Name	CAS Number	LD50	LC50
AROMATIC HYDROCARBON	64742-95-6	4700 MG/KG, ORAL, RAT	3670 PPM/8 HOURS, RAT, INHALATION
TOLUENE	108-88-3	5.0 G/KG RAT ORAL, 14G/KG RABBIT DERMAL	8000 PPM/4HRS, RAT, INHALATION
POLYSTYRENE	9003-53-6	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
POLYOXYPROPYLENEDIAMINE	9046-10-0	.48 G/KG, ORAL, RAT	NOT AVAILABLE
BENZYL ALCOHOL	100-51-6	1230MG/KG RAT,ORAL	1000PPM/8HRS RAT,INHALATION
CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE	TRADE SECRET	1230 MG/KG ORAL RAT,2000 MG/KG DERMAL	NOT AVAILABLE
DIAMINOCYCLOHEXANE	694-83-7	1752 MG/KG,RAT,ORAL	NOT AVAILABLE
TRIS-2,4,6-	90-72-2	2169 MG/KG ORAL	NOT AVAILABLE
(DIMETHYLAMINOMETHYL)			
PHENOL			
CYCLOALIPHATIC AMINE		1230 MG/KG ORAL RAT,2000 MG/KG DERMAL	
ETHYL BENZENE	100-41-4	3500 MG/KG RAT,ORAL	17.2 mg/L Inh, Rat 4h

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: No data

Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of in accordance with State, Local, and Federal Environmental regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Paint Packing Group: II

Name:

DOT Technical Name: N/A Hazard N/A

Subclass:

DOT Hazard Class: 3 Resp. Guide 128

Page:

DOT UN/NA Number: UN 1263

Additional Notes: None.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

CERCLA - SARA HAZARD CATEGORY

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA Hazard Categories promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD, FIRE HAZARD

SARA SECTION 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

 Chemical Name
 CAS Number

 TOLUENE
 108-88-3

 ETHYL BENZENE
 100-41-4

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT

All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(B) Substances exist in this product

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause Cancer:

<u>Chemical Name</u> ETHYL BENZENE CUMENE

CAS Number 100-41-4 98-82-8

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause birth defects, or other reproductive hazards:

<u>Chemical Name</u> TOLUENE CAS Number

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

CANADIAN WHMIS

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: B2 D2A D2B

Section 16 - Other Information

HMIS Ratings

Health: 3 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 0 Personal Protection: X

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, GR/LTR MIXED (UNTHINNED): 350

REASON FOR REVISION: Changes made in Section(s) 1, 2, 9, 11, and 15.

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

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