



Material Safety Data Sheet

CHEMTREC
Transportation
Emergency Phone: 800-424-9300

Pittsburgh Poison Control Center
Health Emergency No.: 412-681-6669

•NOTE: The CHEMTREC
•Transportation Emergency Phone is
•to be used only in the event of
•chemical emergencies involving a
•spill, leak, fire, exposure or accident
•involving chemicals

Section 1 - Chemical Product / Company Information

Product Name: PLASITE 4301 HT PART A **Revision Date:** 06/15/2012
Identification Number: PLMSDS 121PA1NL **Supercedes :** 10/22/2010
Product Use/Class: FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
Preparer: Regulatory, Department
Manufacturer: Carboline Company
2150 Schuetz Road
St. Louis, MO 63146
(800) 848-4645

Section 2 - Composition / Information On Ingredients

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Weight % Less Than	ACGIH TLV-TWA	ACGIH TLV-STEL	OSHA PEL-TWA	OSHA-CEIL
STYRENE	100-42-5	30.0	20 ppm	40 ppm	100 ppm	200 ppm
MICA	12001-26-2	10.0	3 MGM3	N/E	3 MGM3	N/E
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	10.0	10 MGM3	N/E	10 MGM3	N/E
GLASS FLAKE	65997-17-3	10.0	NE	N/E	NE	NE
SILICA AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	5.0	10 MG/M3, INHALABLE	N/E	6 MG/M3	N/E
METHACRYLIC ACID	79-41-4	5.0	20 PPM	N/E	70 MGM3	N/E

Section 3 - Hazards Identification

Emergency Overview: Warning! Flammable. Harmful if inhaled. Causes eye and skin irritation. Aspiration may cause lung damage. May cause dizziness and drowsiness. Keep away from heat, sparks, flame. Avoid breathing vapor. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not swallow. Keep container closed. Use with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Effects Of Overexposure - Eye Contact: Can cause eye irritation. Symptoms include stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

Effects Of Overexposure - Skin Contact: Can cause skin irritation. Prolonged or repeated contact may dry the skin. Symptoms may include redness, burning, and drying and cracking of the skin, burns, and other skin damage. Passage of this material into the body through the skin is possible, but it is unlikely that this would result in harmful effects during safe handling

and use.

Effects Of Overexposure - Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled, may affect the brain or nervous system, causing dizziness, headache, or nausea. May cause nose and throat irritation.

Effects Of Overexposure - Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed.

Effects Of Overexposure - Chronic Hazards: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Primary Route(s) Of Entry: Skin Contact, Skin Absorption, Inhalation, Ingestion, Eye Contact

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation by Exposure: If you have a condition that could be aggravated by exposure to dust or organic vapors, see a physician prior to use.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

First Aid - Eye Contact: If material gets into eyes, flush with water immediately for 15 minutes. Consult a physician.

First Aid - Skin Contact: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Launder clothing before reuse. If rash or irritation develops, consult a physician.

First Aid - Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. Administer oxygen if necessary. Consult a physician if symptoms persist or exposure was severe.

First Aid - Ingestion: If swallowed do not induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical attention.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Flash Point, F: 88F (31C)
(Setaflash)

Lower Explosive Limit, %: 0.9
Upper Explosive Limit, %: 14.0

Extinguishing Media: Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam, Water Fog

Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Flammable Liquid. Vapors are heavier than air and will accumulate. Vapors will form explosive concentrations with air. Vapors travel long distances and will flashback. Use mechanical ventilation when necessary to keep percent vapor below the "Lower Explosion Level" (LEL). Eliminate all ignition sources. Keep away from sparks, open flames and heat sources. All electric equipment and installations should be made and grounded in accordance with the National Electrical Code. In areas where explosion hazards exist, workers should be required to use non-ferrous tools and to wear conductive and non-sparking shoes.

Special Firefighting Procedures: DO NOT direct a solid stream of water or foam into hot, burning pools of liquid since this may cause frothing and increase fire intensity. Frothing can be violent and possibly endanger any firefighter standing too close to the burning liquid. Wear full Bunker Gear and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Polymerization will take place under fire conditions. If polymerization occurs in a closed container, there is a possibility that it will rupture violently. Cool storage container with water, if exposed to fire.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Steps To Be Taken If Material Is Released Or Spilled: Eliminate all ignition sources. Handling equipment must be grounded to prevent sparking. Evacuate the area of unprotected personnel. Wear appropriate personal protection clothing and equipment. Follow exposure controls/personal protection guidelines in Section 8. Contain and soak up residual with an absorbent (clay or sand). Take up absorbant material and seal tightly for proper disposal. Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Refer to Section 15 for SARA Title III and CERCLA information.

Section 7 - Handling And Storage

Handling: Avoid breathing vapors or spray mist. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Wear personal protection equipment. Do not breathe vapors. Wash thoroughly after handling. If pouring or transferring materials, ground all containers and tools. Do not weld, heat, cut or drill on full or empty containers. Use only in accordance with Carboline application instructions, container label and Product Data Sheet.

Storage: Store in a cool, dry place at 75F or lower. Do not store near extreme heat, open flame, or sources of ignition. Maintain inhibitor and dissolved oxygen level. Do not blanket or purge with an inert gas to avoid depleting the oxygen concentration. Store out of direct sunlight.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection

Engineering Controls: Use explosion-proof ventilation when required to keep below health exposure guidelines and Lower Explosion Limit (LEL).

Respiratory Protection: Use only with ventilation to keep levels below exposure guidelines listed in Section 2. User should test and monitor exposure levels to ensure all personnel are below guidelines. If not sure, or not able to monitor, use MSHA/NIOSH approved supplied air respirator. Follow all current OSHA requirements for respirator use. For silica containing coatings in a liquid state, and/or if no exposure limits are established in Section 2 above, supplied air respirators are generally not required.

Skin Protection: Recommend impervious gloves and clothing to avoid skin contact. If material penetrates to skin, change gloves and clothing. The use of protective creams may be beneficial to certain individuals. Protective creams should be applied before exposure.

Eye Protection: Recommend safety glasses with side shields or chemical goggles to avoid eye contact.

Other protective equipment: Eye wash and safety showers should be readily available.

Hygienic Practices: Wash with soap and water before eating, drinking, smoking, applying cosmetics, or using toilet facilities. Use of a hand cleaner is recommended. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse. Leather shoes can absorb and allow hazardous materials to pass through. Check shoes carefully after soaking before reuse.

Section 9 - Physical And Chemical Properties

Boiling Range:	226 F (108 C) - 400 F (204 C)	Vapor Density:	Heavier than Air
Odor:	Styrene	Odor Threshold:	N/D

Appearance:	Viscous Grey Liquid	Evaporation Rate:	Slower Than Ether
Solubility in H2O:	N/D		
Freeze Point:	N/D	Specific Gravity:	1.29
Vapor Pressure:	N/D	PH:	N/D
Physical State:	Liquid		

(See section 16 for abbreviation legend)

Section 10 - Stability And Reactivity

Conditions To Avoid: Heat, sparks and open flames.

Incompatibility: Avoid contact with: acids, aluminum chloride, excessive heat, halogens, iron chloride, metal salts, strong alkalis, strong oxidizing agents, UV light.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide, nitrogen oxides, and unidentified organic compounds. Consider all smoke and fumes from burning material as very hazardous. Welding, cutting or abrasive grinding can create smoke and fumes. Do not breathe any fumes or smoke from these operations.

Hazardous Polymerization: Product can undergo hazardous polymerization. Avoid exposure to excessive heat, and polymerization catalysts.

Stability: This product is stable under normal storage conditions.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Product LD50: N/D

Product LC50: N/D

Chemical Name	CAS Number	LD50	LC50
STYRENE	100-42-5	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
MICA	12001-26-2	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7	>25 G/KG, ORAL, RAT	>6.82 MG/L 4 HR, RAT
GLASS FLAKE	65997-17-3	NOT AVAILABLE	NOT AVAILABLE
SILICA AMORPHOUS	67762-90-7	> 5000 MG/KG, ORAL, RAT	NOT AVAILABLE
METHACRYLIC ACID	79-41-4	1060 MG/KG, ORAL, RAT	NOT AVAILABLE

Section 12 - Ecological Information

Ecological Information: MOVEMENT AND PARTITIONING: Based on information for styrene. Bioconcentration potential is low (BCF less than 100 or Log Pow less than 3). Potential for mobility in soil is low (Koc between 500 and 2000).

DEGRADATION AND PERSISTENCE: Based on information for styrene. Material is readily biodegradable. Passes OECD test(s) for ready biodegradability. Material is ultimately biodegradable. Reaches more than 70% mineralization in OECD test(s) for inherent biodegradability.

ECOTOXICITY: Based on information for styrene. Material is highly toxic to aquatic organisms on an acute basis (LC50/EC50 between 0.1 and 1mg/L in most sensitive species).

Section 13 - Disposal Information

Disposal Information: Dispose of in accordance with State, Local, and Federal Environmental regulations. Responsibility for proper waste disposal is with the owner of the waste.

Section 14 - Transportation Information

DOT Proper Shipping Name:	Paint	Packing Group:	III
DOT Technical Name:	N/A	Hazard Subclass:	N/A
DOT Hazard Class:	3	Resp. Guide Page:	128
DOT UN/NA Number:	UN 1263		

Additional Notes: None.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

CERCLA - SARA HAZARD CATEGORY

This product has been reviewed according to the EPA Hazard Categories promulgated under Sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meet the following categories:

IMMEDIATE HEALTH HAZARD, CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARD, FIRE HAZARD, REACTION HAZARD

SARA SECTION 313

This product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
STYRENE	100-42-5

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT

All components of this product are listed on the TSCA inventory.

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No TSCA 12(B) Substances exist in this product

U.S. STATE REGULATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following materials are non-hazardous, but are among the top five components in this product.

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
VINYL ESTER RESIN	TRADE SECRET

PENNSYLVANIA RIGHT-TO-KNOW

The following non-hazardous ingredients are present in the product at greater than 3%.

Chemical Name
VINYL ESTER RESIN
FLY ASH

CAS Number
TRADE SECRET
68131-74-8

CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause Cancer:

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	13463-67-7
GLASS FLAKE	65997-17-3
MICROCRYSTALLINE SILICA	14808-60-7
CARBON BLACK	1333-86-4

Warning: The following ingredients present in the product are known to the state of California to cause birth defects, or other reproductive hazards:

No California Proposition 65 Reproductive Toxins exist

INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS AS FOLLOWS:

CANADIAN WHMIS

This MSDS has been prepared in compliance with Controlled Product Regulations except for the use of the 16 headings.

CANADIAN WHMIS CLASS: B2, D2A, D2B

Section 16 - Other Information

HMIS Ratings

Health: 2 Flammability: 3 Reactivity: 1 Personal Protection: X

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS, GR/LTR MIXED (UNTHINNED): 27

REASON FOR REVISION: Changes made in Section(s) 2, 11, 15, and 16.

Legend: N.A. - Not Applicable, N.E. - Not Established, N.D. - Not Determined

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